Clinical Study





Supplement 2. Comparison of the measurements of quantitative sensory testing assessments before and 6 months after operation in both residual back pain (RBP) and non-RBP patient groups. The patients with RBP showed increased pressure pain threshold (PPT) in the local pain area (A) at the 6-month postoperative assessments, while PPT in the pain-free area (B), conditioned pain modulation (CPM) (C), and temporal summation (TS) (D) were similar before and after operation. At the 6-month postoperative follow-up, the patients without RBP showed increased PPT in both the local pain (E) and pain-free areas (F), increased CPM (G) and reduced TS (H).

Copyright © 2024 by Korean Society of Spine Surgery This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/) which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. Asian Spine Journal • pISSN 1976-1902 eISSN 1976-7846 • www.asianspinejournal.org